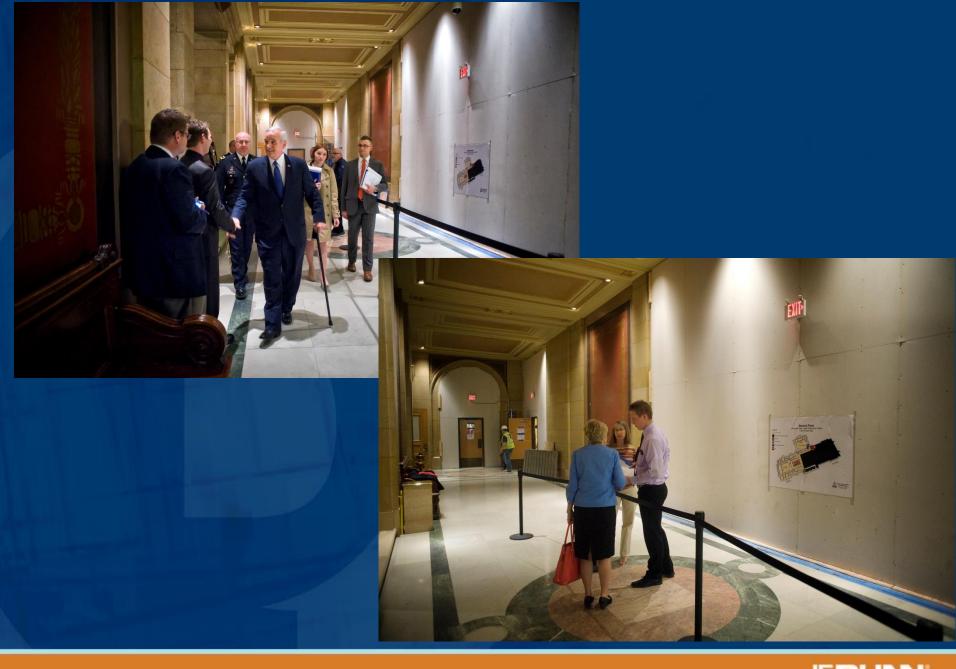


Construction Top Challenges

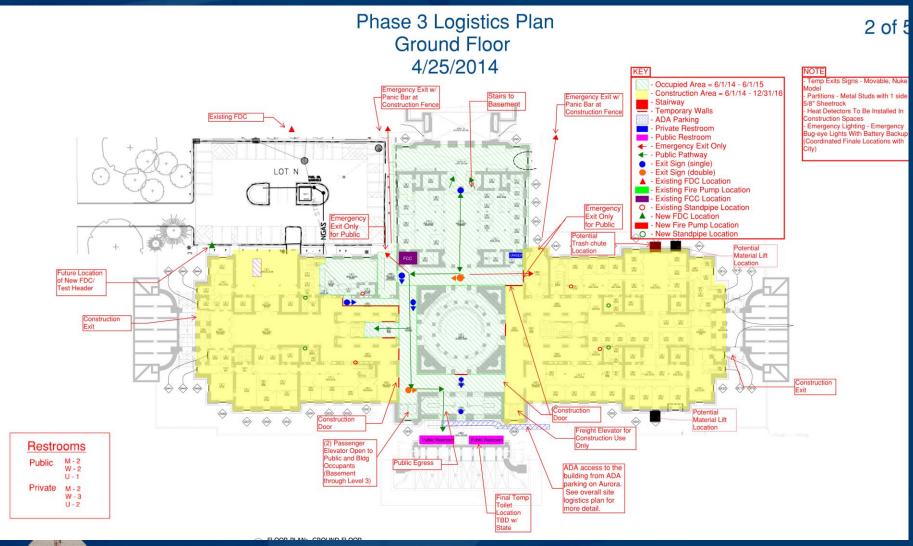
- Occupied Construction
- Planning / Phasing / Schedule
- Budget Accuracy / Cost Control
- Logistics / access
- Occupied Construction
- Artisan craftsmanship





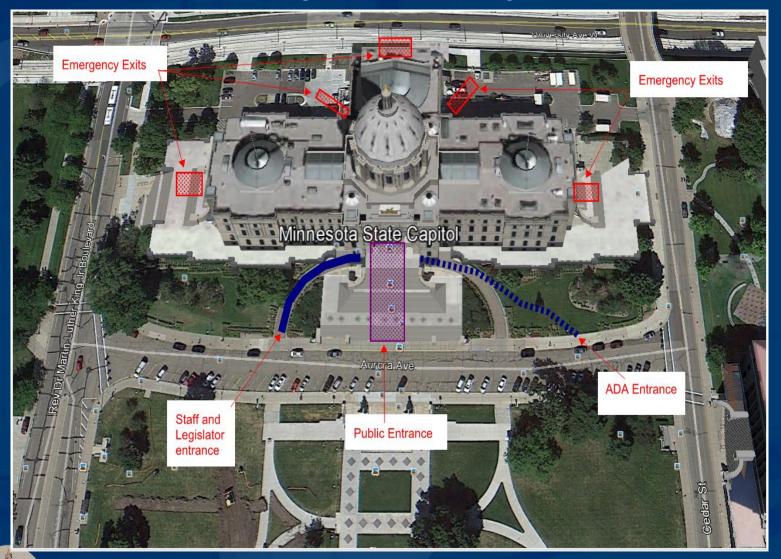


Logistics Planning



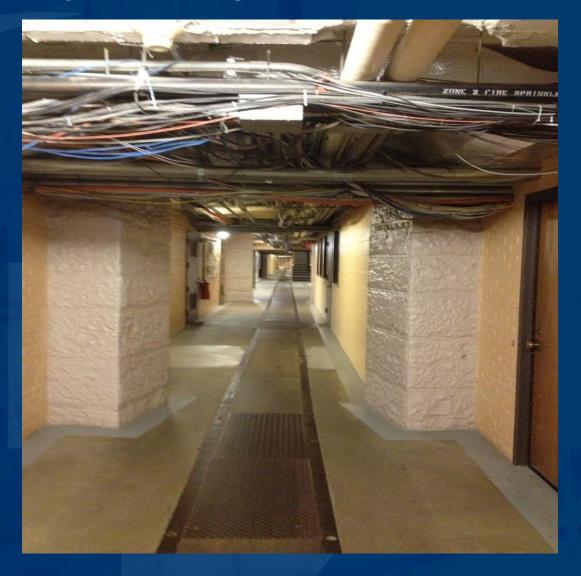


Logistic Planning





Project Phasing – Where Do You Start?



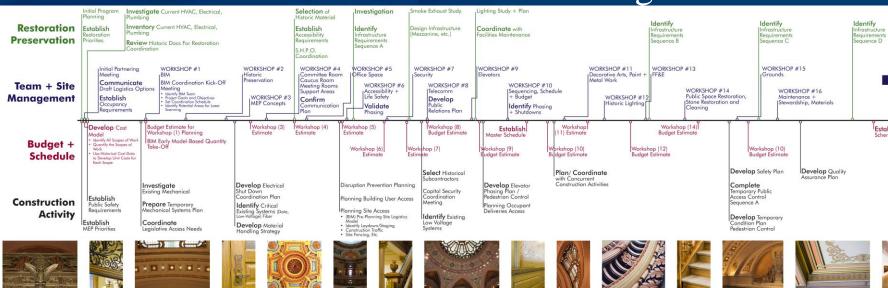


Project Phasing – Where Do You Start?





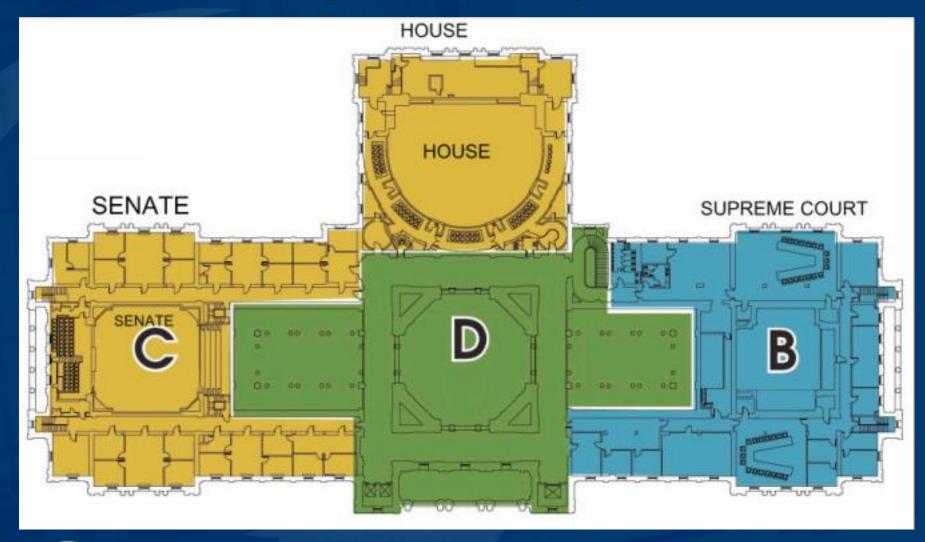
Preconstruction Planning





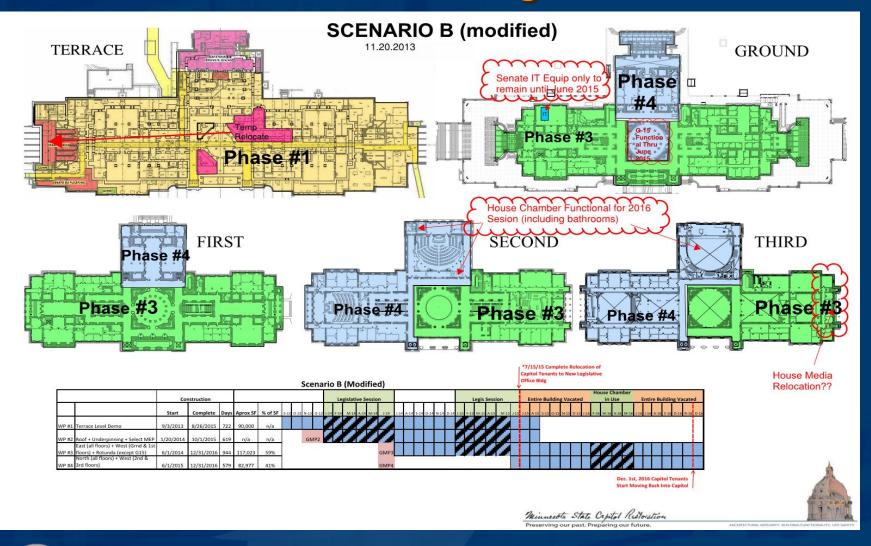


Original Phasing Plan



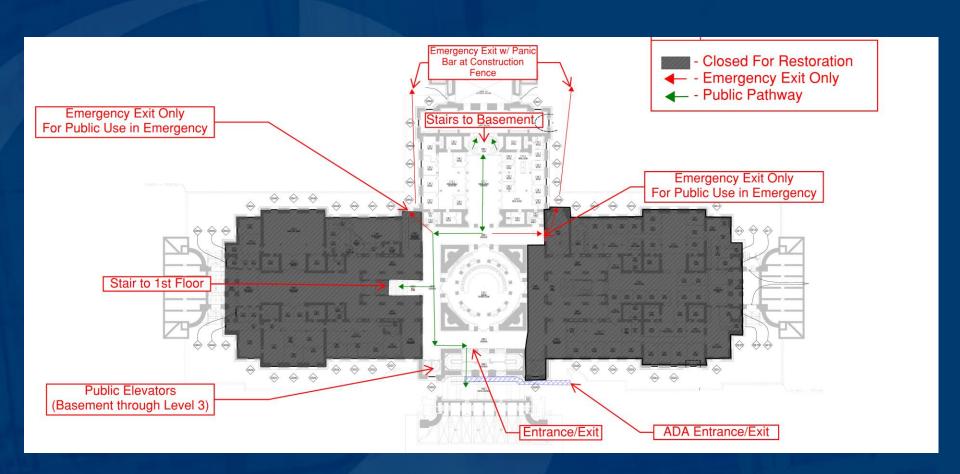


Actual Phasing Plan





Public Communication - Floor Maps





- \$285 million divided between 12 separate pots of state funding.
- Over 100 subcontractors and suppliers from all over the country and world.
- 9 million a month / or \$450,000 per day
- Monthly billing was over 1,000 pages
- 435 workers on site during peak construction

Majority of work was behind or under layers of previous decades of work or behind historic elements. (unquantifiable)



Budget Accuracy

- Early involvement during Schematic Design
- Integration of Construction Team into Design Workshops
- Early involvement of design-assist subcontractors
- Budget reconciliation after each Design Workshop
- 3 Independent Estimates at SD & DD JE Dunn, MOCA & HGA
- Intensive Investigation
- Laser Scanning
- Similar Experience
- Responsible allowances













Layers and Layers of Mechanical / Electrical





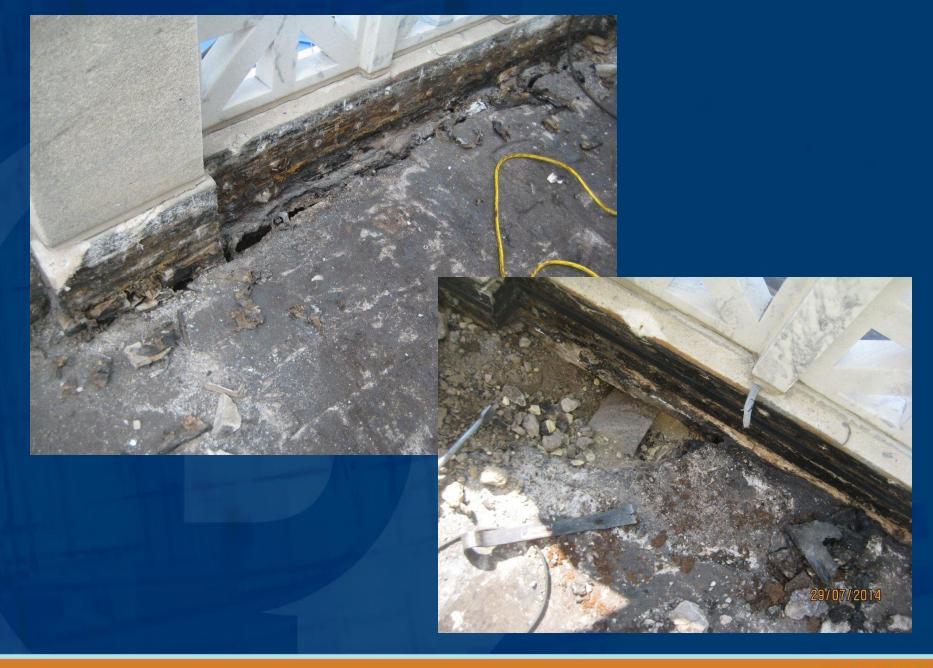
Years of Retrofits and Temp Fixes









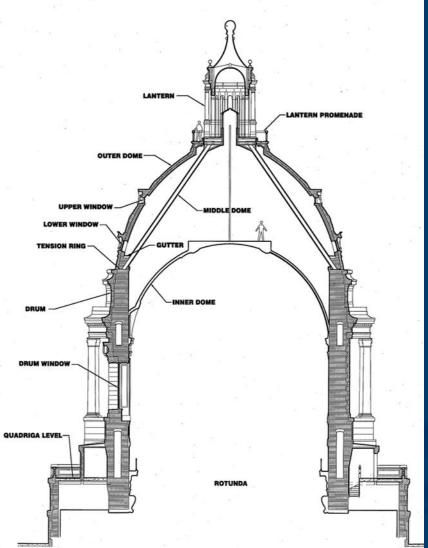






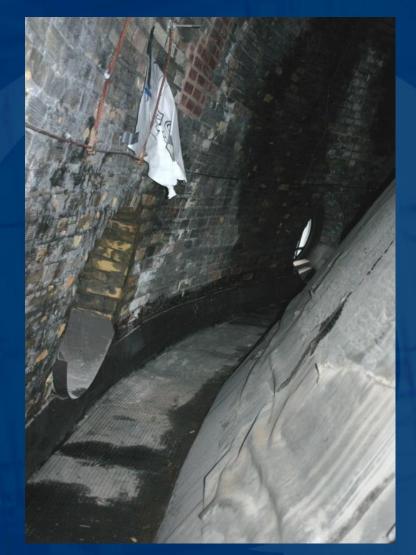
Inner Dome Access

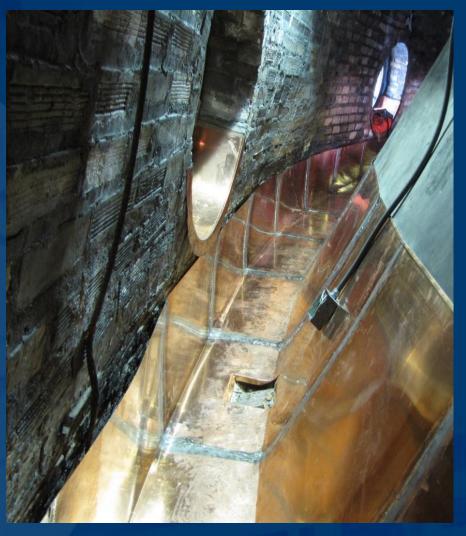






Middle Dome Access





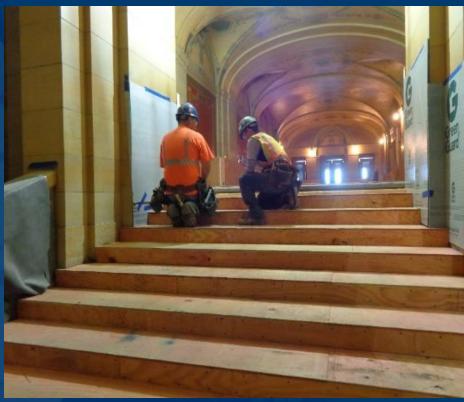






Temp Protection





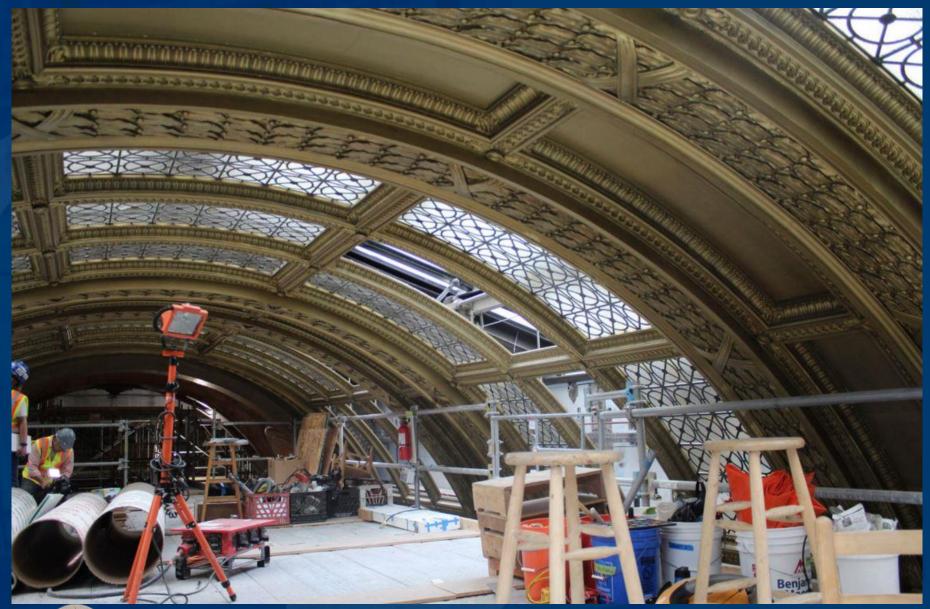














350 Q350 Q350 ()35

Historic Salvage Inventory







Historic Salvage Inventory











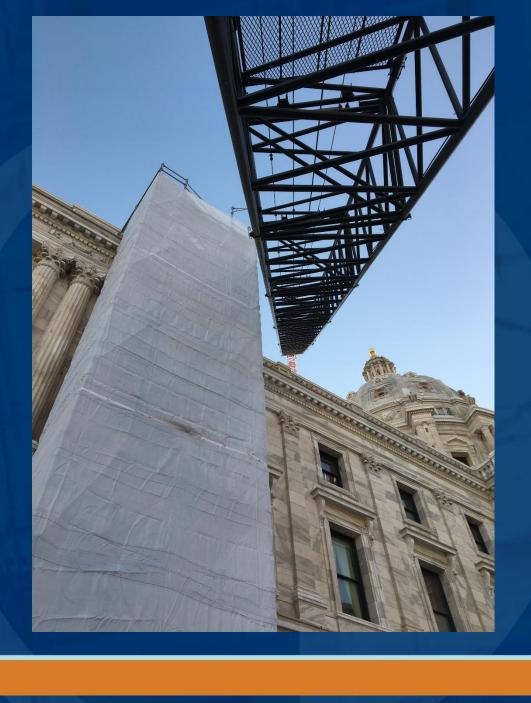


















New Material Inventory



















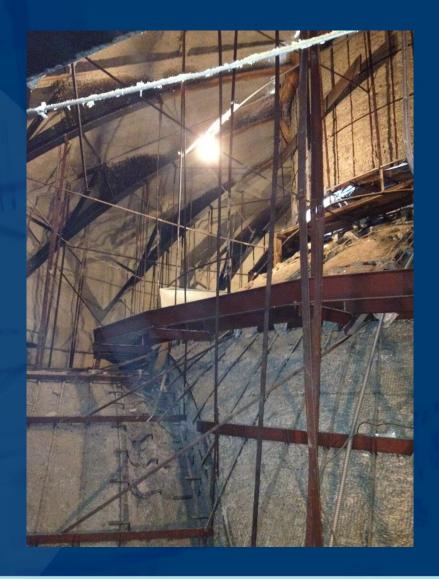
Jobsite Access – Haz Mat Containment Areas





Jobsite Access – Attic Areas







Jobsite Access - Basement











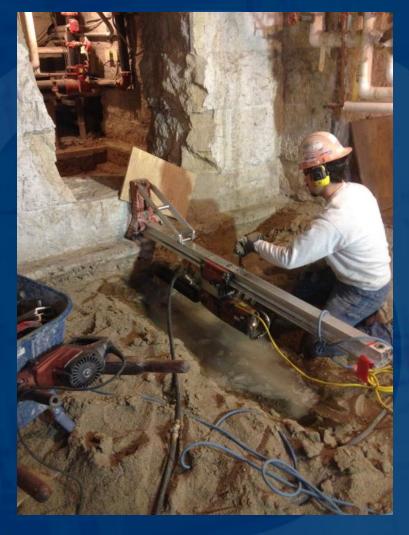
Basement Access



Electric Equipment





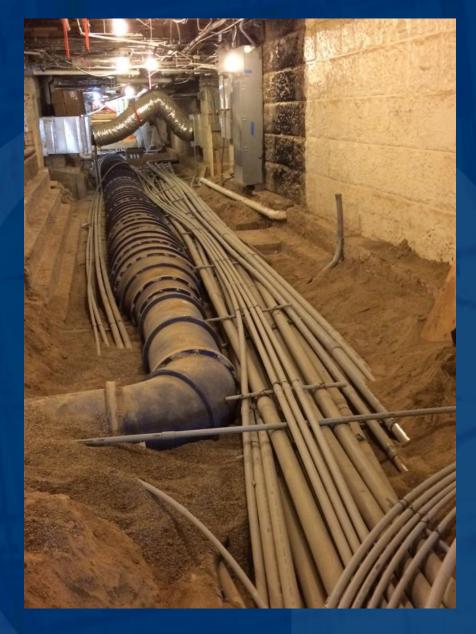


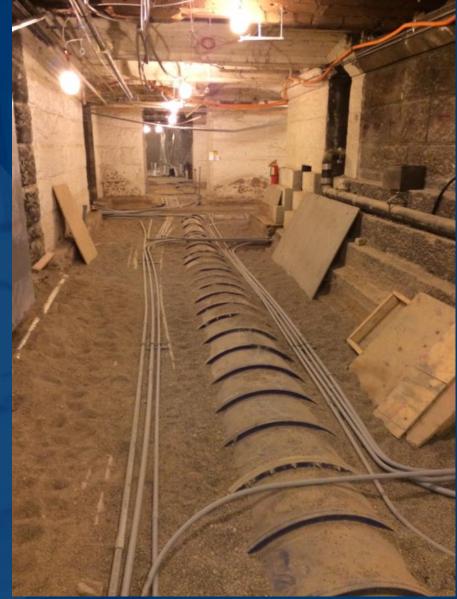
















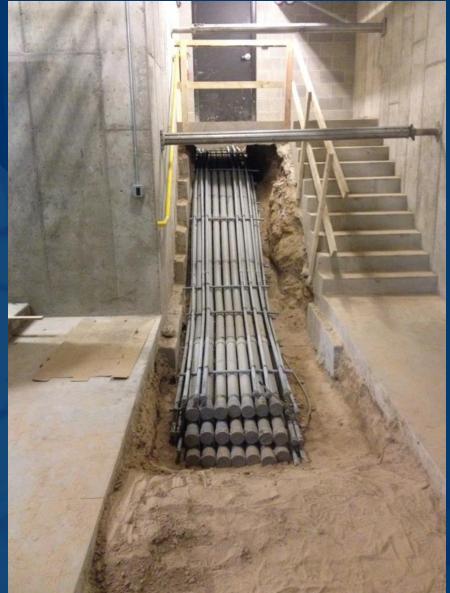
Basement Access















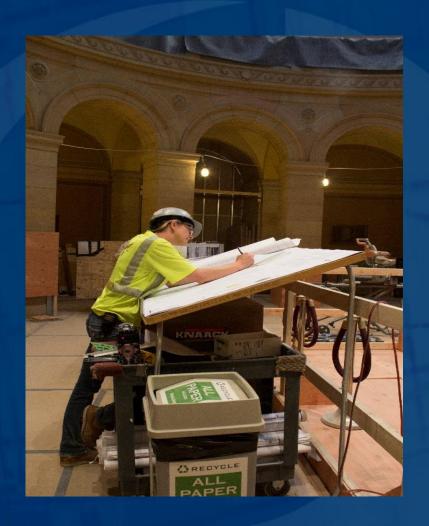








Technology

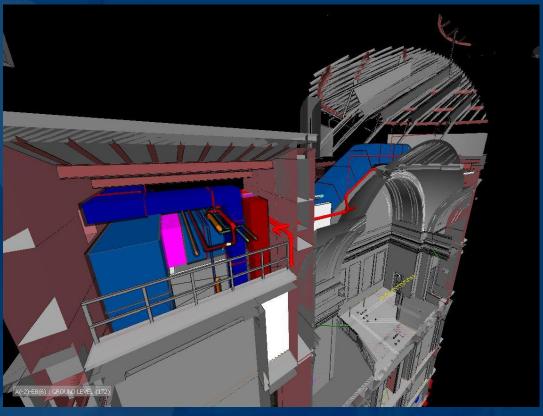






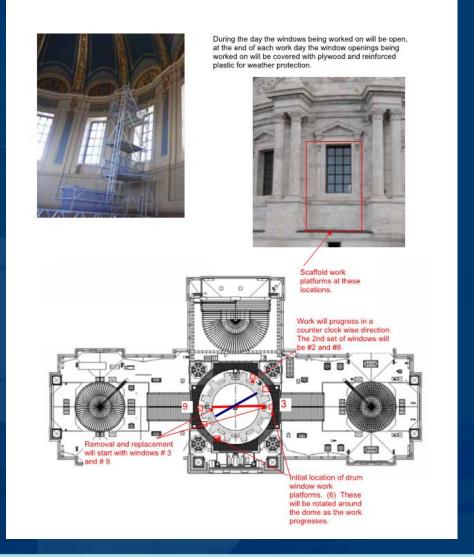
Use of Technology - BIM







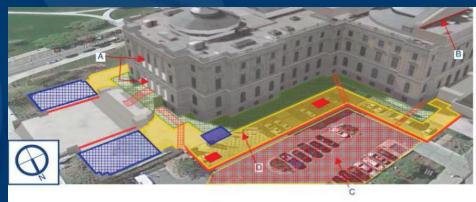
Project Communication – Work Plans







Public Communication – Visual Aids



Notes:

- Area between scaffolding and chain link fence serves as a;
 - Safety zone to separate work and pedestrians.
 - Necessary space to provide the trades access to the work area for moving tools, equipment, and materials.
 - Staging area for materials being installed.
 - Set up area for compressors required for stone carvers' pneumatic tools.
 - Tool storage area as work is completed during the day. Tools will be stored in containers at Ca Gilbert park at night.

Logistics Key:

- Chain Link Fence
- Scaffolding
- - Temporary Access Overhead Protection
- Stone storage
- Stair Access Tower to Scaffolding Pneumatic Tool Compressor
- Safety Buffer Zone

Scaffold Notes:

- A Balcony Scaffolding
- B Area A Scaffolding
- C Parking Area is not available for use during normal business hours
- D Build Scaffold around existing loading dock



Governor's Reception Room

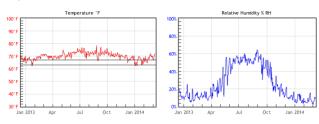
MN State Capitol • State Capitol • First Floor • Governor's Reception Room MN Historical Society

2012-12-15 to 2014-03-09 1 year, 2 months, 26 days

Preservation Environment Evaluation

Type of Decay	Risks & Metrics	Evaluation & General Comments	
Natural Aging Chemical decay of organic materials	OK TWPI = 60	Generally OK, but fast decaying organic materials such as acidic paper, color photographs and cellulosic plastics will be at elevated risk due to the cumulative effects of temperature and humidity	
Mechanical Damage Physical damage to hygroscopic materials	RISK % DC = 2.42 % EMC min = 1.6 % EMC max = 10.2	Heightened risk of physical damage to any hygroscopic material, such as paintings, rare books, furniture, paper, leather, film, or color photos, due to extremely low or high levels of humidity, and / or excessive humidity fluctuation.	
Mold Risk Mold growth in area or on collection objects	G00D MRF = 0	Minimal risk of mold growth.	
Metal Corrosion Corrosion of metal components or objects	OK % EMC max = 10.2	Generally OK, but archeological or salt-encrusted metals may corrode due to extended periods of moderately high levels of humidity.	

Graphs



Statistics

Temperature	Relative Humidity	Dew Point	T Limits
T°F Median 70.3 T°F Stdev 2.8 T°F Min 60.8	%RH Mean 26 %RH Median 5 %RH Stdev 19 %RH Min 2 %RH Max 66	DP*F Mean 27.6 DP*F Median 18 DP*F Stdev 21 DP*F Min -24.9 DP*F Max 64	T*F < 63 1.3% T*F [63,67] 10.6% T*F > 67 88.1%

Public Communication – Environmental Conditions

- Maintain Temps
- Humidity
- Dust
- Vibration
- Noise Levels

Smart Box











